IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended):A method of inhibiting melanogenesis and for lightening skin, which comprises contacting said skin with a composition comprising

from 0.001 to 10 % based on weight of said composition of component (a) which is a halogenated hydroxydiphenyl ether compound of formula

wherein

Y is chlorine or bromine,

Z is SO_2H , NO_2 ; or C_1-C_4 alkyl;

m is 0 or 1;

n is 1 or 2;

r is from 0 to 3;

o is from 1 to 3; and

p is 0, 1 or 2;

from 0.05 to 1 % based on weight of said composition of component (b) which is a skin-lightening substance selected from the group consisting of kojic acid, arbutin, quercitin, aloesin, azelaic acid, quaiol, ellagic acid and ester compounds thereof and fluorescent whiteners; and

from 0.1 to 15 % based on weight of said composition of component (c) which is a triazine UV absorber compound of formula

$$(5) \qquad \qquad (5f) \qquad \qquad (5$$

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wherein

R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₁₈alkyl; C₂-C₁₈alkenyl; a radical of formula

$$\underbrace{R_1 \text{ and } R_2 \text{ are a radical of formula}}_{R_1 \text{ and } R_2 \text{ are a radical of formula}}_{R_{14}} - R_{12} \begin{bmatrix} R_{13} \\ Si - O \end{bmatrix} - \underbrace{Si - R_{15}}_{R_{14}}$$

R₁₂ is a direct bond; a straight-chain or branched C₁-C₄alkylene radical or a radical of formula

$$-C_{m_1}H_{\overline{2m_1}}$$
 or $-C_{m_1}H_{\overline{2m_1}}O-$

R₁₃, R₁₄ and R₁₅ are each independently of the others C₁-C₁₈alkyl; C₁-C₁₈alkoxy or a radical of

R₁₆ is C₁-C₅alkyl;

m₁ and m₃ are each independently of the other from 1 to 4;

p₁ is 0 or a number from 1 to 5;

A₁ is a radical of formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & Q_1 \\ \hline & \\ O-R_3 \end{array} - \begin{array}{c|c} & -NH- \\ \hline & \\ CO_2R_4 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} or \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} wherein \\ \hline \end{array}$$

R₃ is hydrogen; C₁-C₁₀alkyl, -(CH₂CHR₅-O)_{n1}-R₄; or a radical of formula -CH₂-CH(-OH)-CH₂-O-T₁;

 $\underline{R_4}$ is hydrogen; M; $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_5}$ alkyl; or a radical of formula -(CH₂)_{m2}-O-T₁;

R₅ is hydrogen; or methyl;

T₁ is hydrogen; or C₁-C₈alkyl;

Q₁ is C₁-C₁₈alkyl;

M is a metal cation;

m₂ is from 1 to 4; and

n₁ is 1-16.

2. (previously presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein in formula (1)

m is 0; or 1;

n is 1; or 2;

o is from 1 to 3;

p is 0; or 1; and

r is 1 or 2.

3. (previously presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein the hydroxydiphenyl ether compound corresponds to formula.

$$(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} Y_0 \\ \\ (OH)_m \end{array}$$

wherein

m is 0; or 1;

o is from 1 to 3; and

r is 1 or 2.

4. (previously presented): A method according to claim 3, wherein in formula (2)

m is 0;

and o and r are as defined in claim 3.

5. (previously presented): A method according to claim 3, wherein

o is 1 or 2; and

r is 1.

6. (previously presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein the hydroxydiphenyl ether compound corresponds to formula

7. (previously presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein the hydroxydiphenyl ether compound corresponds to formula

8. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, wherein the hydroxydiphenyl ether compound of formula (1) is used simultaneously for the antimicrobial treatment of the skin and mucosa and also of integumentary appendages (hair).

9-10. (cancelled).

11. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1[9], wherein the ratio of components (a) : (b) is from 1 : 99 to 99 : 1 [%] by weight.

12-13. (cancelled).

14. (currently amended): A method according to claim <u>1</u>12, wherein the composition comprises as component (c) the compound of formula

15. (currently amended): A method according to claim <u>1</u>+2, wherein the composition comprises as component (c) the compound of formula

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16-29. (cancelled).

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